

C12 - 4.1 - Shapes Rel Rates Notes

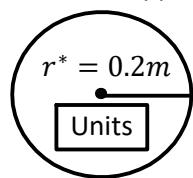
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dA}{dr} \times \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dr} = 2\pi r \times \frac{dr}{dr}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dr} = 1$$

*

Pebble Dropped in Pond. Find Rate Area Circular Ripple ; Radius is 20cm if Radius Rate is 0.04 m/s.



$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 0.04 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{r=0.2m} = ?$$

Area Rate = $0.05 \frac{m^2}{s}$ when $r = 0.2m$.

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\text{Chain Rule}$$

$$\text{Leibniz} = 2\pi r \cdot (0.04)$$

$$\text{Notation} = 2\pi(0.2)(0.04)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 0.05 \frac{m^2}{s}$$

Check Average*

t	r	A
0	0.2	0.1257
1	0.24	0.1809
0.2 + 0.04	= 0.24	
0.1809 - 0.1257		
1 - 0		

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = \pi(0.2)^2$$

$$A = 0.1257$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

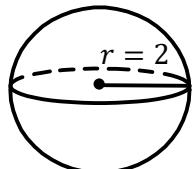
$$A = \pi(0.24)^2$$

$$A = 0.1809$$

$$A \approx 0.05$$

$$t = 0.1s^*$$

Find Rate of Sphere Radius, R = 2 m, if Volume is Decreasing at $256 \frac{m^3}{s}$.



$$\frac{dV}{dt} = -256 \frac{m^3}{s}$$

-ve : Shrinking

$$\frac{dr}{dt} \Big|_{r=2} = ?$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

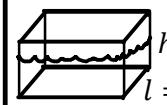
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 3 \times \frac{4}{3}\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$-256 = 4\pi(2)^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = -\frac{16m}{\pi s} \quad \text{Radius Rate} = -\frac{16m}{\pi s} \text{ when } R = 2 \text{ m.}$$

Water Filling



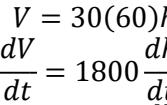
$$\frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{\frac{dV}{dt}=5} = ?$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 5 \frac{m^3}{s}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 1800 \frac{m^3}{s}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{1}{360} \frac{m}{s}$$

Water Filling



$$\frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{\frac{dV}{dt}=500} = ?$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 500 \frac{cm^3}{s}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{5}{9\pi} \frac{cm}{s}$$

Water Filling

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

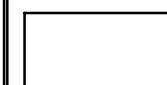
$$V = \pi(30)^2 h$$

$$V = 900\pi h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 900\pi \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$500 = 900\pi \frac{dh}{dt}$$

Rectangle's Length Twice Width Perimeter of 40.



$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 6 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{P=40} = ?$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{80}{3} \frac{m^2}{s}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = 1 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$A = w(2w)$$

$$A = 2w^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 4w \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 4 \left(\frac{20}{3}\right) (1)$$

$$6 = 6 \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{1}{6} \frac{m}{s}$$

$$P = 2(2w) + 2(w)$$

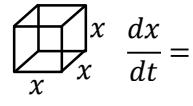
$$P = 6w$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 6 \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$40 = 6w$$

$$w = \frac{20}{3} m$$

Box Increasing



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 0.5 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} \Big|_{SA=36} = ?$$

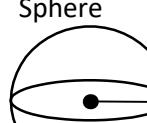
$$SA = 6x^2$$

$$\frac{dSA}{dt} = 12x \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$36 = 12x(0.5)$$

$$(x = 6 m)$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 54 \frac{m^3}{s}$$



$$\frac{dV}{dt} \Big|_{SA=100} = ?$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 2 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi \left(\sqrt{\frac{100}{4\pi}}\right)^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi \times \frac{100}{4\pi} \times 2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 200 \frac{m^3}{s}$$

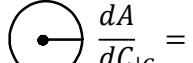
$$SA = 4\pi r^2$$

$$100 = 4\pi r^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{100}{4\pi}}$$

$$r = \frac{10}{2\sqrt{\pi}} m$$

Find



$$\frac{dA}{dC} \Big|_C = ?$$

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$r = \frac{C}{2\pi}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dC} = \frac{1}{4\pi} 2C \frac{dC}{dC}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dC} = \frac{1}{4\pi} 2C$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{C}{2\pi}\right)^2$$

$$A = \frac{C^2}{4\pi}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dC} = \frac{1}{4\pi} 2C$$

$$\frac{dA}{dC} = \frac{1}{4\pi} 2C$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 6 \frac{dx}{dt} \Big|_{y=2} = ?$$

$$xy^2 = 12$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} y^2 + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} x = 0$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} (2)^2 + 2(2)(6)(3) = 0$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -18$$

$$xy^2 = 12$$

$$x(2)^2 = 12$$

$$4x = 12$$

$$(x = 3)$$